

DECENTRALIZED AUTONOMOUS ORGANIZATION «INTEGRAL PLATFORM FOR CLIMATE INITIATIVES»

smart-contracts and blockchain technology-based ecosystem for carbon market instruments, environmental assets and liabilities

On May 24, 2016, the Russian Carbon Fund has officially unveiled the Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives (IPCI) and IPCI-based [Carbon Registry](#).

“The Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives is designed to develop a distributed network of mitigation contributors based on common principles, rules and criteria, as well as provide an accounting platform which can achieve absolute emission reduction targets in compliance with quantitative emission limitation commitments. The goal of the Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives is to integrate corporate and regional mitigation initiatives.” [\(Sustain Europe\)](#)

The IPCI derives from ongoing subnational and corporate climate initiatives and aims at providing for common investment instruments, which are based on climate change mitigation outcomes including high quality carbon offset credits.

The IPCI has served as the initial climate program for genesis and development of integral platform in the form of DAO IPCI.

[DAO IPCI](#) is a Decentralized Autonomous Organization operating, sustaining and developing the Integral Platform for Climate Initiatives, smart contracts and blockchain technology-based ecosystem designed for carbon market instruments, including carbon compliance units' carbon offset credits, other environmental mitigations credits, environmental assets and liabilities registration and transaction data.

Decentralized Autonomous Organization «Integral Platform for Climate Initiatives» - smart contracts and blockchain technology-based ecosystem for carbon market instruments, environmental assets, rights and liabilities

Background

The world faces global environmental risks, climate change-related threats, which affect life of individuals, their health and well-being, businesses (including physical risks, financial, liability and regulation risks), and natural environment.

The instruments to mitigate these risks are developing globally including Paris Agreement concept of internationally transferable mitigation outcomes (carbon compliance units, offset credits), green and white certificates etc. Though any and all carbon units basically represent a right to emit 1t of CO₂-equivalent of GHG emissions, legal, technological, commercial, transactional barriers prevent their fungibility and transferability, which gravely affects economic and environmental efficiency of these instruments.

The public awareness about such problems and the desire of individuals and businesses to support various projects offsetting environmental damage is high, and the projects and their outcomes are sought to be quantified commitments and result-based.

However, there is still no common space, common space fabric, financial instrument/platform that would be universal, reliable, easy-to-use, transparent and allow both businesses and individuals to register and invest environmental damage mitigation projects, to offset carbon footprint, acquire and trade the outcomes of mitigation activities.

DAO IPCI implies creation of smart contracts-based digital ecosystem, business environment, to minimize transaction costs, to make issuance and transfer of environmental units highly reliable, transparent and centralized manipulations-free.

Balance of self-sufficiency and environmental integrity of the ecosystem is an intrinsic principle of critical importance.

Previous attempts to create carbon emissions-related blockchain systems and cryptocurrencies have failed due to the lack of high quality underlying to support them. DAO IPCI essentially excludes emission of cryptocurrency, and is based on the assured environmental mitigation outcomes, including climate mitigation in the first instance, as the underlying asset.

Independent Entity assures the existence and quality of the underlying asset and preclusion of double spending. The latter is further supported by the internals of blockchain technology. Operator and Independent Entity ensure fundamental link of underlying assets and units issued through “two keys confirmation” proof-of-asset protocol. Previous experience of issuance of asset-based digital units has been taken into account and consideration.

DAO IPCI is blockchain-based decentralized ledger for environmental commitments, assets, rights and liabilities, distributed smart contracts-based digital ecosystem designed to offset environmental damage, to register and transfer carbon compliance units, offset credits, “green” certificates, other environmental damage mitigation outcomes.

DAO IPCI aims at creation of common business space to attract financing from investors not limited by financial capacity, location, or legal status with minimization of transaction costs, increased reliability and transparency of the whole process, which would be free of interference, interventions, manipulations or falsifications.

DAO IPCI as a whole is relatively immune to political, administrative, regulatory interventions of the governments.

Issuance of environmental units

Various environmental units are asset-based units to be authenticated for use in digital blockchain-ecosystem and issued at DAO IPCI under rules and requirements of specific environmental programs. Environmental programs include: mandatory, voluntary and pilot environmental market programs, emission (or effluent) trading schemes, cap-and-trade programs, offset credit, carbon tax credit-based and hybrid programs, renewable standards and renewable energy certificates-based programs, other environmental mitigation market based programs.-

Rules and requirements of environmental programs include standard elements: regulator (operator), verification by independent entities, limits, validity period, tools to cover risks, market institutions (trading) etc. In DAO IPCI these standard elements constitute system of smart contracts, adjustable for specific program requirements.

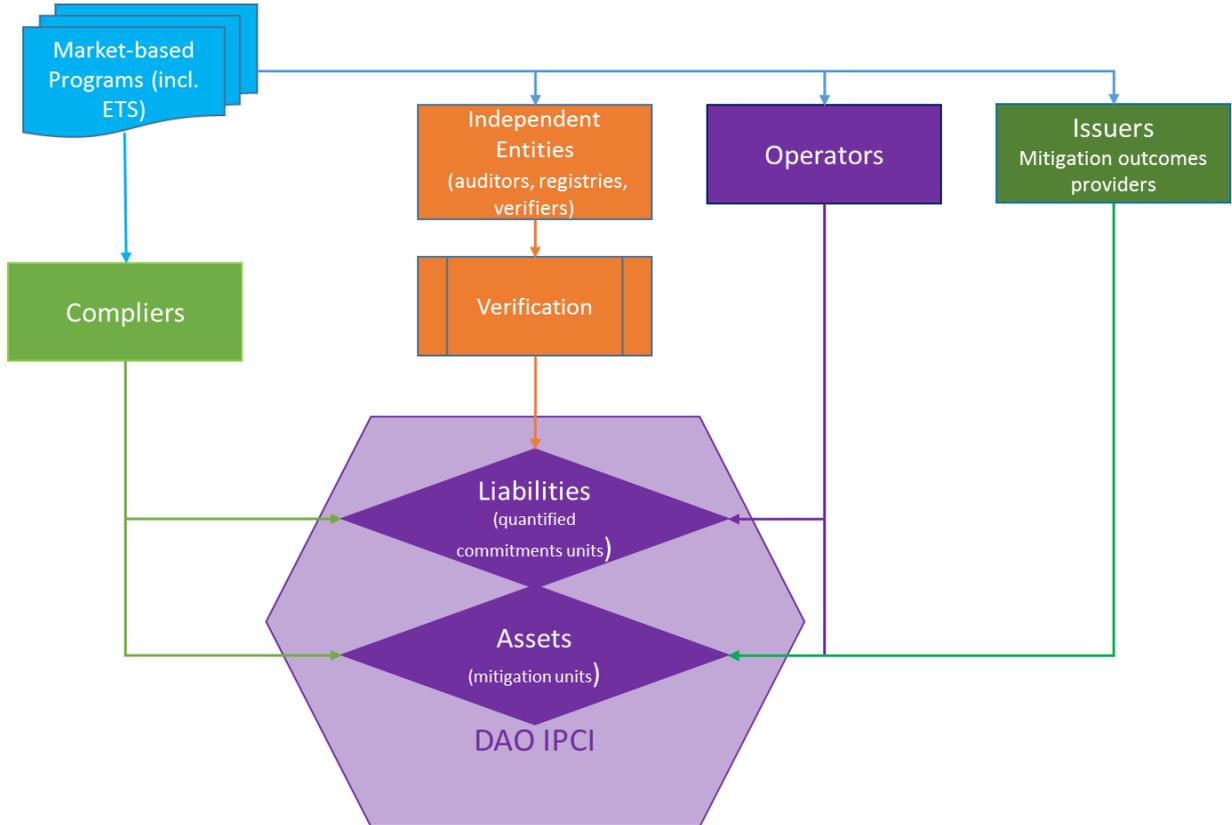
Environmental units are issued to DAO IPCI:

- Directly by the Independent Entity to the Issuer or Complier subject to program Operator's approval on the grounds of verification by the Independent Entity of mitigation outcomes or quantified commitments compliance with program rules, requirements and criteria,
- Through transfer from registries to DAO IPCI, subject to preclusion of double-spending
- On the grounds of the program Operator decision to accept carbon units issued by alternative programs and accounting platforms in their original form or to convert and exchange such units for the program units subject to compliance with the program requirements and criteria and confirmed cancelation of alternative registry entries and units turnover,
- Under any climate change or environmental mitigation market-based programs subject to integrity of the ecosystem, preclusion of double-spending and assurance of integrity of digital units with environmental underlying.

Participants and actions for issuance of assured environmental units (**Figure 1**)

- Operators —representatives of specific climate programs, environmental mitigation programs, authorized to approve issuance of environmental units, to establish limits for the amount and validity period for environmental units issued
- Independent Entities — authorized representatives of independent entities accredited under the programs, which provide for creation of specific assured environmental units registries and for issuance of specific units for the Issuer or Complier,
- Issuers — authorized representatives of original owners of the units
- Compliers – authorized representatives of participants of specific climate programs, environmental mitigation programs pursuing certain mandatory or voluntary quantified commitments
- Verification – climate change mitigation outcomes or quantified commitments verification procedure

Figure 1. – Issuance of Assured Environmental Units



Reservation of the units

The Issuer is required to reserve specific share of the units at the Security Reserve Contract for a specific period, established by the Operator on the grounds of independent assessment of related risks. The units would be burnt (retired) in case they are recognized as void, so that total amount of digital environmental units issued to the platform would in any event be equivalent to underlying.

After the reservation period is over the units are returned to the Issuer's account.

Initial modules and operations

Apart of the digital units' issuance process, the following modules and operations are in place:

- Transfer of the units between Issuers and Users
- Acquiring of the units to offset specific goods and services carbon footprint and burning of the units for the purpose of offsetting carbon footprint and other operation
- Reservation of the units and withdrawal of the units reserved to the Issuer
- Placing and executing sell/buy orders.

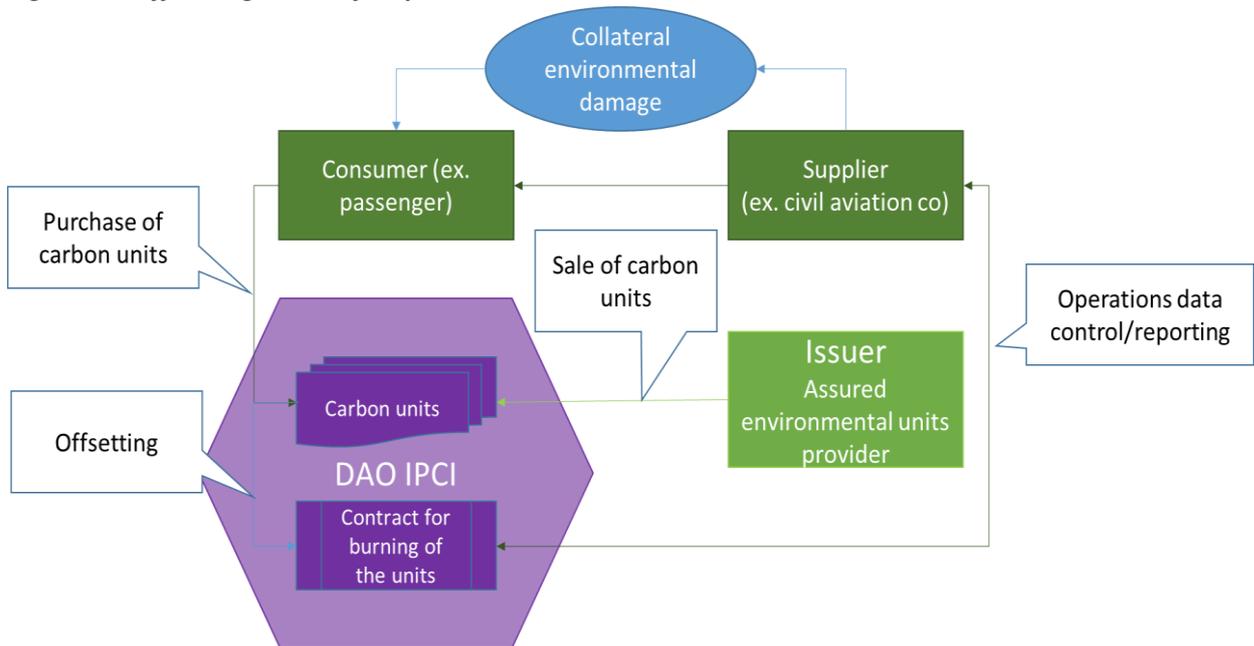
DAO IPCI offsetting carbon footprint scheme

Offsetting carbon footprint scheme (**Figure 2**):

- Supplier of good and services provides Consumer with the data on carbon footprint (amount of CO₂e) of the goods and services acquired under specific deal
- Consumer acquires the correlated amount of carbon units at DAO IPCI from Issuer or Holder of the units

- The units are transferred to the Burning Contract address
- Supplier requests/receives reports on relevant carbon footprint offsetting operations.

Figure 2 – Offsetting carbon footprint scheme



For more details, information on procedures and manuals please see the “Manuals” at www.ipci.io.

Issuance of DAO IPCI internal current token – IMUN

Unified internal current token is the key element to provide for DAO IPCI transactions efficiency and economic integrity of the ecosystem. Internal current token is derivative to environmental units’ turnover, and shall be issued based on rigid limitation of the potential amount of emission, strict adherence to the interests of the internal current token holders, the interests of the issuers of environmental units and participating environmental program compliers.

Unified internal current token in DAO IPCI ecosystem is “IntegralMitigationUnit”, IMUN.

IMUN is inherently eligible ϕ and designed for executing DAO IPCI smart contracts, including placing and executing buying and selling of assured environmental units orders, for Commitment collateral contracts, commission fees paid to support maintenance of the ecosystem.

The Operator of environmental program participating in DAO IPCI issues IMUN strictly within the limit and at the time publicly announced at www.ipci.io at least 30 days ahead of the issuance.

The Issuance Limit is established on the basis of Prediction Market Model.

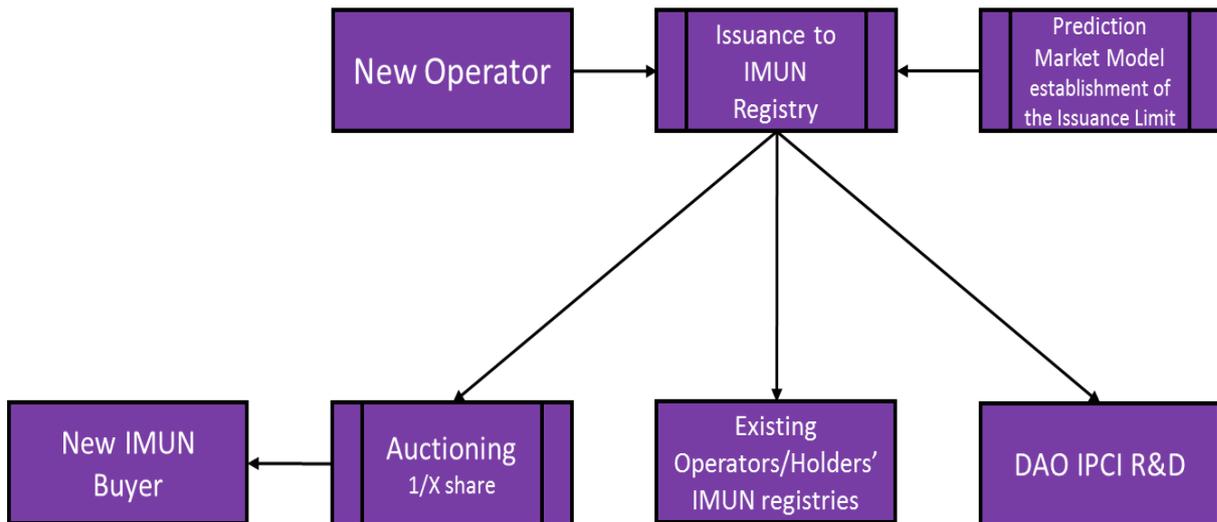
The proceeds of the emission of IMUN are of non-profit nature and are targeted for research and development of DAO IPCI ecosystem.

Specific budget parameters for the IMUN emission proceeds shall be made public at www.ipci.io at least 30 days ahead of the emission.

Every new DAO IPCI operator duly authorized by the environmental program entering DAO IPCI is eligible to issue IMUN under basically the same terms and conditions in the amount justified by Prediction Market Model and preferably agreed with other DAO IPCI operators.

To secure the interests of IMUN holders, avoid delution of previously issued tokens' value, substantial part of the new IMUN units shall be allocated to existing holders', operators' IMUN registries proportionately and to sustain DAO IPCI research and development. Proceeds from the issuance of the remaining part of new IMUN tokens are of non-commercial nature and shall be at the disposal of the New Operator: for example, ½ of the proceeds of the amount issued by the second new operator, 1/3 of the amount issued by the third new operator, etc.

Figure 3 – Issuance of DAO IPCI internal current token – IMUN



Specific IMUN emission parameters shall be made public and open for comments at www.ipci.io at least 30 days ahead of the emission.

Limited pilot emission may be performed to provide for pilot transactions with public information at www.ipci.io.

DAO IPCI operators are welcomed to join efforts in developing common ecosystem on the basis of non-profit entity.

Prospects and plans of development

Long-term prospects of DAO IPCI development are virtually limited only by its' functional capacity as the trends are evidently in favor of environmental markets' and specifically carbon markets' expansion both in scale and number, linkage and integration with a perspective of ultimate creation of common market space with fungible instruments. DAO IPCI is a prototype of such market space and units.

Near-term prospects rely on primary demand development at the account of large corporate and regional (subnational) climate programs (including global pilot market mechanism for international civil aviation), carbon footprint offsetting programs, and consumer demand development.

Plans of development specifically include:

- Introduction of secured by collateral quantified commitments-based environmental units,

- Mechanism for joint offsetting of carbon footprint by Supplier and Consumer applicable at retail level as well as up to the level of supporting carbon neutral export programs
- Linking DAO IPCI with programs and systems, which are based on physical measurement and monitoring of anthropogenic climate impact in real-time mode
- Mechanism to support performance under Green Bonds' commitments
- Mechanisms and fungible instruments to support linkage of different GHG emissions limitation and reduction/removal systems, schemes, programs, and standards
- Development of OTC transactions and links with environmental, carbon, securities and commodities exchanges
- Development and introduction of assured environmental units-based derivatives
- Mechanism to support hedging volatility of prices for different schemes, systems and programs carbon compliance units
- Upon reaching adequate level of readiness and matureness of the ledger development of virtual investment structure in the form of Decentralized Autonomous Organization shall be considered.

Ongoing and perspective plans require design and development of collateral associated web-resources and applications: web site, trading platform, blockchain data visualization and filtering, communication channels to link with financial, banking, insurance products and systems.

DAO IPCI is developed in cooperation with Airalab within and on the basis of the "Ethereum Platform". Open source software of the "Ethereum Platform" is used and developed under the terms of [GNU Lesser General Public License](#) and [Disclaimer of Liabilities and Warranties](#).

The Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives (the IPCI)

The Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives is the initial generic climate program operating in DAO IPCI.

Rationales and motives for implementation of the IPCI

- Promoting implementation of “green economy” and low-carbon development principles on the basis of direct and explicit insertion of environmental costs and values into practice, business custom, transactions, economic activity, including investment, procurement, and decision-making policies,
- Taking into consideration unique, universal and global economic and environmental properties of GHG emissions and climate change mitigation outcomes-based assets and liabilities,
- With a perspective of establishment of a new system of international climate commitments and mechanisms on the basis of the Paris Agreement to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC),
- Forestalling limitation of greenhouse gas emissions by the governments
- With a view on further development and integration of international GHG emission control systems and programs,
- Overcoming jurisdiction barriers and intermediary transaction costs barriers for environmental mitigation.

The IPCI principles

- Entitlement of the companies and individuals to keep and trade the fruits of their environmental mitigation activities,
- Creation of common environment and common space for fair international environmental footprint-based competition,
- Compatibility of rules, regulation mechanisms, commitments and rights,
- Fungibility and transferability of mitigation instruments and outcomes.

IPCI ends and means

IPCI goal is to integrate climate initiatives in the form of distributed network of mitigation contributors on the basis of common principles, rules, criteria, and platform to account for quantitative commitments-based and project-based mitigation outcomes, to achieve absolute emission reduction targets and ultimate balance of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions and anthropogenic increase in removals of GHG by sinks and reservoirs (“carbon neutrality”).

IPCI goal is sought by means of introduction of progressive adjustments to existing GHG emission reduction methodologies, standards and rules; by means of Carbon Registry linked to decentralized smart contracts and blockchain technology-based platform (DAO IPCI) for trading environmental assets and liabilities, including registration and transaction data for carbon compliance units, Transferrable Mitigation Units (TMU), environmental mitigations credits eligible under IPCI goals and requirements.

Basic IPCI Requirements and Criteria

The IPCI ensures overall absolute emissions reduction and targeted anthropogenic increase of GHG removal by sinks in whole through individual and joint activities of the stakeholders in accordance with international agreements, principles, rules, and modalities adopted in pursue of UNFCCC. Basic Program Requirements shall include those consistent with guidance to be adopted by the UNFCCC Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement regarding the use of internationally transferred mitigation outcomes.

The Program provides for accounting of mitigation outcomes (Transferrable Mitigation Units - TMU), which comply with the principles of sustainable development, socio-environmental integrity, transparency, accuracy, completeness, comparability and consistency, and robust reporting, to guarantee, inter alia, the avoidance of double counting, and provide for responsibility of the Initial Owner of mitigation units for compliance with these principles with regards to TMU issued to his Account for the whole accounting lifecycle of the units.

IPCI supports development, expansion and global sharing of precise physical measurement and monitoring-based verified carbon products to further promote direct management of anthropogenic greenhouse impact to the climate.

Environmental unit under the Integrated Program for Climate Initiatives is Transferrable Mitigation Unit (TMU) equal to one ton of CO₂-equivalent, embracing:

- *Carbon offset credits* – actual and absolute, independently verified, quantitatively measurable, irreversible, permanent or long-term, secure or insured, additional or target-oriented, not otherwise required by compulsory regulations anthropogenic GHG emission reductions or removals by sinks;
- *Quantitative GHG emission limitation and reduction, carbon neutrality, carbon footprint commitment-based compliance outcomes*, eligible under the requirements of the Program.

Mitigation outcomes eligible under IPCI for registration and accounting should comply with the following basic requirements:

1. Cover certain set of greenhouse gases, existing sources, installations or sinks.
2. Are independently verified absolute target-based reductions of emissions relative to baseline actual emissions of the given set of existing sources and installations or for anthropogenic targeted increase of removal of greenhouse gases relative to baseline actual absorption by the established set of sinks, or provide for direct irreversible destruction of greenhouse gases, anthropogenic sources of emissions, or GHG long-term removal, conservation, capture and storage.
 - a. Baseline scenario emissions cannot exceed baseline actual emissions. Baseline actual emissions are calculated based on consecutive 12 or 24-month period immediately preceding target-based mitigation activity.
 - b. Removals should be independently verified as target-based, not otherwise achievable under natural conditions in the absence of mitigation activity.
 - c. Precise physical measurement-based monitoring, reporting and verification in real-time mode should be applied where technically and economically applicable.
 - d. Effective period before revocation (annulment) or reassurance of the units depending on the risk related to issuance of the units, sector of sources or sinks, applicable methodology of mitigation is specified as limited by certain period or unlimited and confirmed by the Independent Entity.

3. Relate to certain independently verified commitments regarding quantitative emission limitation and reduction, or quantitative balance between anthropogenic emissions and anthropogenic removals by sinks, or quantitative commitments to reduce carbon footprint of production, goods and services and to certain accounting period starting the 2013 -2020 period.
 - a. Baseline year is the year immediately preceding the effective period of quantitative commitments starting the year 2013.
 - b. Quantitative commitments-based mitigation outcome should be at least 5% of baseline quantitative level for the accounting period.
4. Are based on robust monitoring and reporting system. Efficiency of the system is verified by the Independent Entity.
5. Are not otherwise required by compulsory regulations or registered as carbon compliance units, project results or mitigation outcomes, commitments and pledges under other than IPCI programs and mechanisms of limitation and reduction of GHG emissions.
6. Are enforced by pledges of the Initial Owner and by reservation of certain share of the units to ensure compensation or revocation of TMU in case mitigation outcomes or mitigation outcomes-based units issued are legally recognized as void under IPCI for physical or legal reasons within one calendar year after such legal decision is confirmed.
7. Full potential of emissions from the new sources is subject to offsetting in full by absolute reductions of emissions from existing sources.
8. Indirect emissions, consumption-based emissions, and quantitative mitigation outcomes from reduced consumption of electricity, heat, fossil hydrocarbon fuels, including the outcomes of substitution of fossil hydrocarbon fuels-based power generation by power grid-connected renewable energy sources-based power generation should be calculated on the basis of factors of emissions confirmed by specific relevant producers and suppliers of electricity, heat or fuels, or on the basis of most conservative assessment of the grid emission factor and assured by the Independent Entity.
 - a. The Independent Entity has verified cross reference of indirect emissions reductions, consumption-based emissions reductions with relevant direct emissions and has verified absence of double counting of direct emission-based and indirect emissions-based mitigation outcomes.
9. Mitigation outcomes are achieved in accordance with specific project methodologies or relative to quantitative commitments compliant with IPCI requirements and criteria and confirmed by the Independent Entity.
 - a. Relevant methodologies, commitments and statements of the Independent Entity are provided to the Carbon Registry.
10. Independent Entity is an entity with sufficient relevant professional experience, expertise, competence and high international reputation in the sphere of auditing services, which accepts these Basic IPCI and Carbon Registry Requirements and Criteria for Units of Mitigation Outcomes and is accredited by IPCI Coordinator.
11. Calculations and independent assurance of original data, baseline level of emission, outcomes and relevant quantity of TMU comply with existing IPCC methods and guidance under the UNFCCC, and standards and methodologies based on and derived from methods and guidance under the Convention. Applicable standards and methodologies include

- a. UNFCCC Kyoto Protocol CDM methodologies,
- b. The International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) issued the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3410, Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Statement,
- c. ISO 14064 series standards, and its' national interpretations,
- d. ISO TS 14067: 2013, and its' national interpretations (ex., GOST R 56276-2014),
- e. "Gold Standard",
- f. "Verified Carbon Standard",
- g. "GHG Protocol",
- h. Physical measurement-based real time mode monitoring protocols,
- i. et al

subject to calculation of baseline emissions and outcomes relative to baseline actual emissions of the given set of sources and installations and for anthropogenic removal of greenhouse gases relative to baseline actual conservation of greenhouse gases by established set of sinks, taking into account direct irreversible destruction of greenhouse gases and anthropogenic sources of emissions or GHG long-term removal, conservation, capture and storage.

12. Carbon footprint assessment for goods and services, commodities and products to be registered complies with the following requirements:
 - a. Scope, set of sources of direct and indirect GHG emissions related to specific links and activities of the product life-cycle are defined;
 - b. Calculations and assessments comply with the chosen applicable standard and methodologies according to p. 11;
 - c. Owners or operators of the sources of GHG emissions related to specific links and activities of the product life-cycle have confirmed acknowledgment of inclusion of relevant data into the goods and services, product or commodity carbon footprint assessment;
 - d. Carbon footprint assessment is verified by the Independent Entity;
 - e. Carbon footprint assessment and offsetting carbon footprint policy and offer of the supplier are disclosed, publically available and communicated to the customers, buyers of the goods and services, product or commodity.
13. The IPCI allows for registration of carbon units issued by alternative programs and accounting platforms or for conversion and exchange of such units for TMU subject to compliance with IPCI requirements and criteria and confirmed cancelation of alternative registry entries and units turnover. In case carbon units are transferred from the IPCI Carbon Registry or from DAO IPCI to alternative accounting systems, the IPCI Carbon Registry or DAO IPCI Operator shall cancel relevant registration entries and units turnover.
14. The Program stipulates the registration of actions and outcomes in the Non-State Actor Zone for Climate Action platform (FCCC/CP/2015/10/Add.1 1/CP.21 Adoption of the Paris Agreement, 117, 134).

IPCI Coordinator and Independent Registry

The IPCI Coordinator is Russian [Non-Profit Foundation “Russian Carbon”](#). Independent Registry for the Program is [Carbon Registry](#).

IPCI and Carbon Registry Council

The IPCI Council – an advisory body comprising of highly reputable international experts – is authorized to review and evaluate basic IPCI rules, requirements and criteria to support compatibility of the Carbon Registry and DAO IPCI ledger with highest international standards.

